



Date: 12 June 2024





### NC GH INTRODUCTION





### A Western SADC regional approach for integration to be a global competitive producer

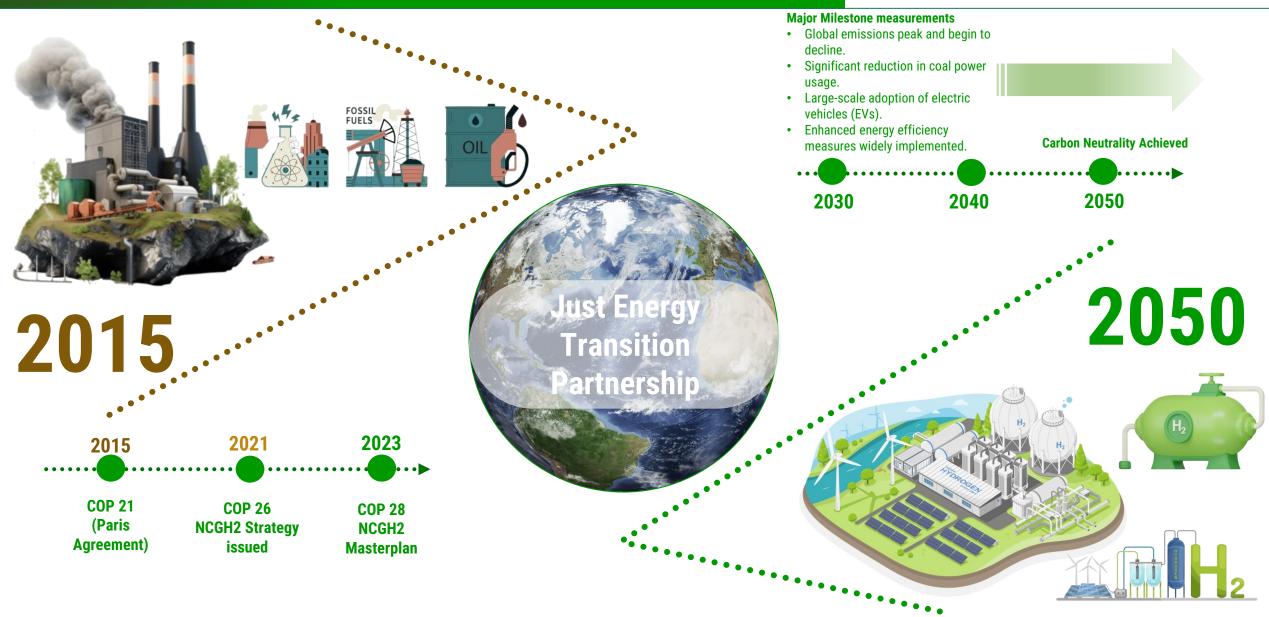
Consolidate production volumes while creating common use inputs volumes of consumables that will enhance global competitive prices GH2 derivates and ensure localization.



## PATHWAY TO GREEN HYDROGEN VISION







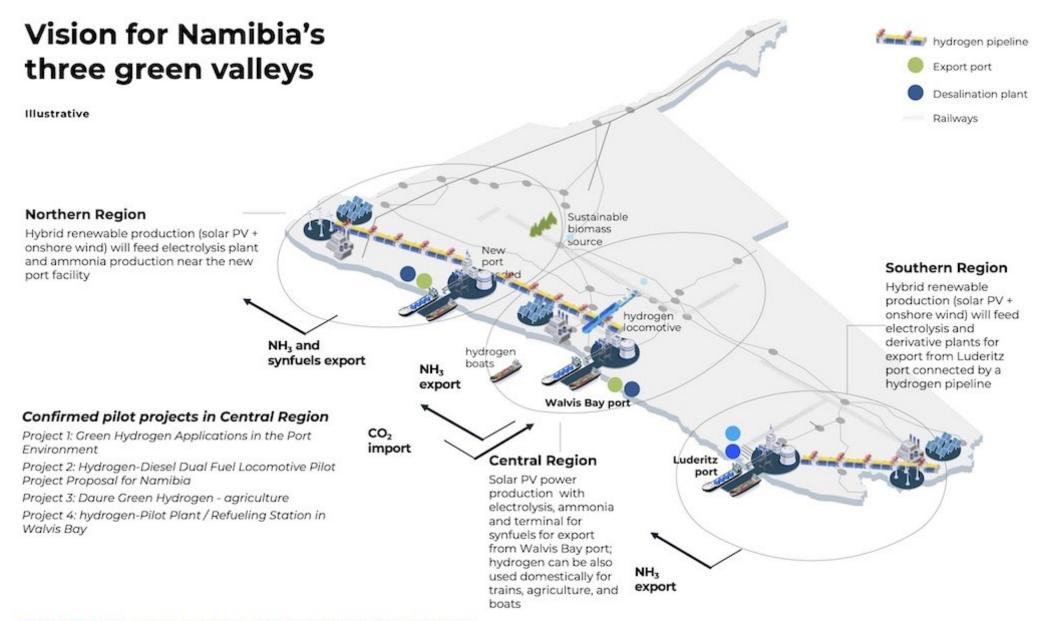


### **REGIONAL INTEGRATION:**

**NAMIBIA PROJECTS** 



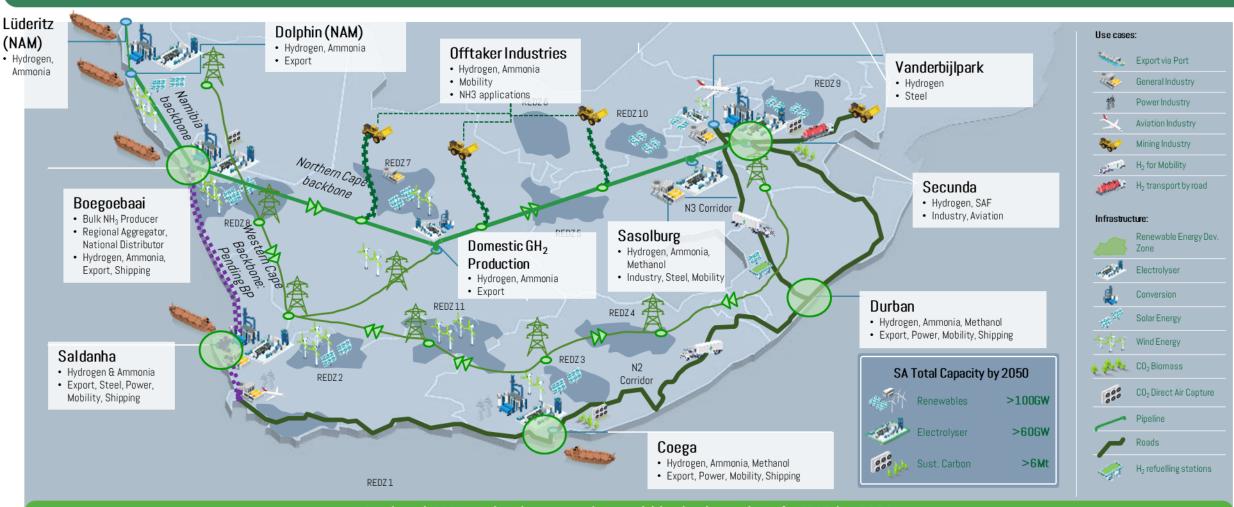




## THE SOUTHERN AFRICAN GREEN HYDROGEN VISION



The Northern Cape wants to position itself as a leader in the GH2 economy, creating benefits for the province and South Africa and the Southern African Development Community (SADC), that ultimately feed into and leverage opportunities nationally and even regionally.



National GH<sub>2</sub> production capacity could be in the order of 10MT by 2050 Moving at speed with a co-ordinated approach across the SA landscape is critical to building optimal capacity and capabilities

### **ENABLING INDUSTRIAL MECHANISM**



STAATSKOERANT, 21 MEI 2024

No. 50681 3

### GOVERNMENT NOTICES • GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS

### DEPARTMENT OF TRADE, INDUSTRY AND COMPETITION

NO. 4850 21 May 2024

### DESIGNATION OF THE NAMAKWA SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE

I, Ebrahim Patel, Minister of Trade, Industry and Competition, hereby designate the Namakwa Special Economic Zone (SEZ), in terms of the Special Economic Zones Act No. 16 of 2014. The SEZ's total land area is 1270.06 ha and is located in Namakwa, Northern Cape, bordered on the north by the N14 road, which links to the town of Pofadder to the east and the town of Aggeneys to the west. The Namakwa SEZ land area will comprise of the following three (3) land parcels;

- 1. Remainder of the Farm Aroams, No. 57 with a total land area of 889.02825 ha, bordered on the north and west by the N14, in the east by Portion 4 of Farm Gams No 60 and the south by Portion 1 of Farm Bloemhoek, No.61;
- 2. Portion 1 of the Farm Gams, No. 60 with a total land area of 11.82596 ha, bordered on the north and west by Remainder of the Farm Aroams, No. 57, on the east by Portion 4 of the farm Gams No.60 and on the south by Portion 1 of Farm Bloemhoek No 61:
- 3. Portion 1 of Farm Bloemhoek, No.61 with a total land area of 369.21363 ha. bordered on the north by Remainder of the Farm Aroams, No. 57, in the west by the N14, in the south by remainder of Farm Bloemhoek, No 61 and in the east by Portion 1 of Farm Gams, No 60.

A table listing the erf numbers and maps indicating the boundaries of the SEZ are attached as Annexure A.

Ebrahim Patel

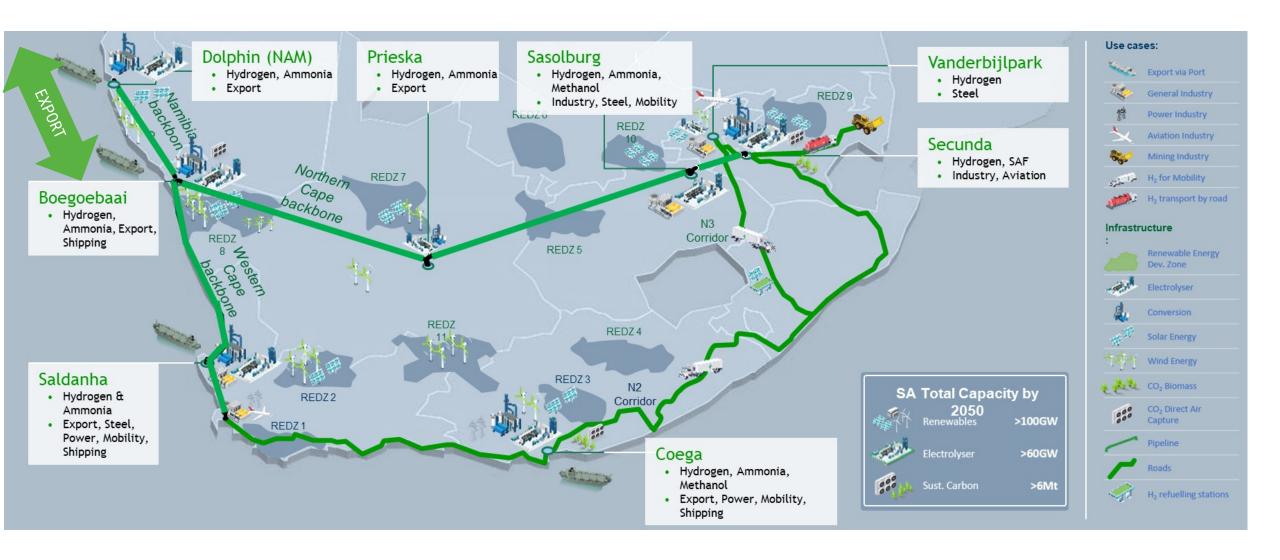
Minister: Trade, Industry and Competition

20 1 05/2024



### SOUTHERN AFRICAN GREEN HYDROGEN VISION







### **GH2 INDUSTRIALISATION PATHWAYS**







### **Legend of Map: GH2 Production Centre and/ long-term offtakers**

- ● Track 1: Existing industry composition
  - Track 2: Existing industry that can expand and diversify
  - Track 3: New industry establishment and GH2 opportunity

### **Production output and/ consumption potential:**

- A: Complete 40GW throughput and impacted areas
- B: > 10 GW
- D: > 2 GW

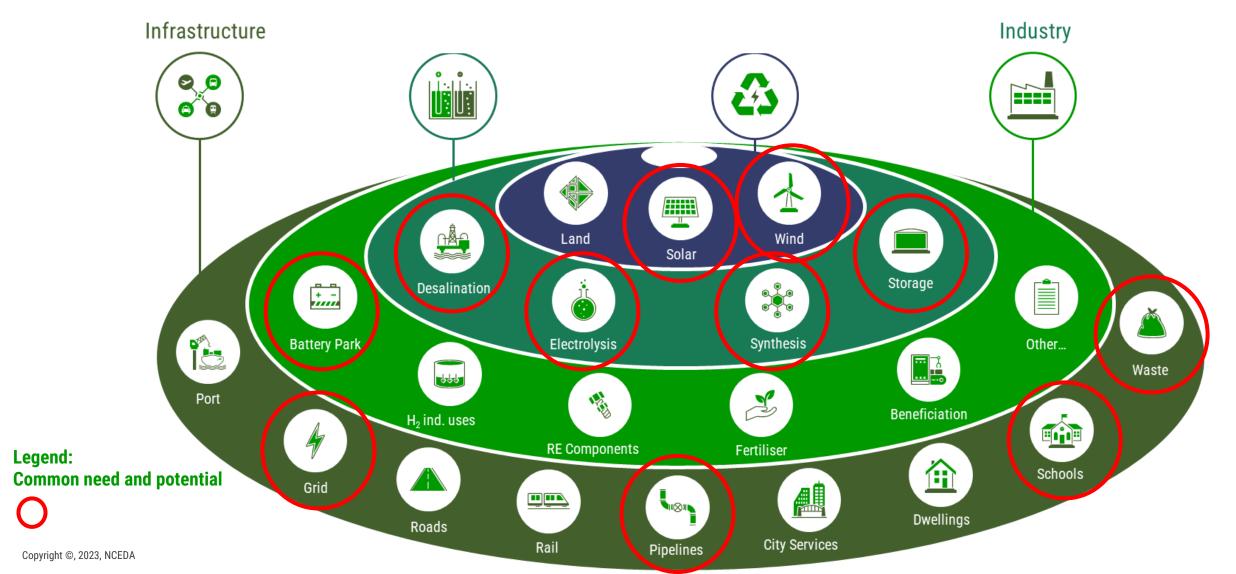


## The GH, ECOSYSTEM





### **Key common areas of need, use and potential:**





### **COMMON NEED, USE AND POTENTIAL**





Opportunity: An extended term of regional volume of consumption will enhance the business case for colocation and localization of industry for inputs to value chain but also to upstream value addition.

Aggregation of GH2 volume and abovementioned will create a global competitive advance.

Areas of integration will be along common need, use and potential that entail:

- Common Human Capital demand warrant local training enhancement and local training institution.
- Industrialization via electrolyser, wind, solar, desalination, pipe, grid: The Boegoebaai Programme require for a 40GW Electrolyser capacity which translates to an estimated **9 700 wind turbines** and **160 000 000 solar panel** combined with the demand of the project and the southern Namibian ambition of 35GW, which effectively doubles the demand in terms of RE components.
- Value addition to local mineral resources.
- GH2 volume aggregation for export is key together with and South African 2 500 000 tons domestic utilization demand.
- Need to focus on certified export and balance demand with early offtake for FID on South African carbon intensive hard to abate sectors.



### NCGH<sub>2</sub> JUST TRANSITION





### Northern Cape Green Hydrogen Ecosystem to support a Just Transition ...



# Distributive justice



## Restorative justice





Workers, communities, and small businesses must be empowered and supported in the transition, with them defining their own development and livelihoods

The risks and opportunities resulting from the transition must be distributed fairly, cognisant of gender, race, and class inequalities

Historical damages against individuals, communities, and the environment must be addressed, with a particular focus on rectifying or ameliorating the situations of harmed or disenfranchised communities





### **Just Transition Framework**











# THANK YOU





 $\underline{office of theceo@nceda.co.za}$ 



+27 53 1100 289



www.ncgh2.co.za